

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH Helping people. It's who we are and what we do.



Lisa Sherych Administrator

Ihsan Azzam, Ph.D., M.D. Chief Medical Officer

NOTICE OF INTENT TO ACT UPON A REGULATION

Notice of Hearing for the Amendment of Regulations of the Board of Health LCB File No. R002-22 and Errata relating to testing for sexually transmitted disease (STD) and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the State Board of Health will hold a public hearing to consider amendments to Chapter 441A of Nevada Administrative Code (NAC). This public hearing is to be held in conjunction with the State Board of Health meeting on Friday, June 2, 2023.

The State Board of Health will be conducted in person and via videoconference beganing at 100 AM (Pacific Time) on Friday, June 2, 2023, at the following locations:

Physical Meeting Locations:

Southern Nevada Health District (SNHD)
Red Rock Trail Rooms A and B
280 S. Decatur Boulevard; Las Vegas, Nevada 89107

State of Nevada - Division of Public and Behavioral Health (L. H) Hearing Room No. 303, 3rd Floor Technology Way; Carson City, Nevada 89706

Microsoft Team Meeting:

https://teams.microsoft.com/l/meetup-join/19%3ameeting_NGY3ZGM2ZjUtMmQ2_C00M2d2LWFhMDMtNmJhZmRjNzk1MWE3%40thread.v2/0?context= %7b%22Tid%22%3a%22e4a340e6-124e68-2_a-1544d2703980%22%2c%22Oid%22%3a%22e2f9f008-841c-437d-b037-927c30ea003e%22%7d

Please Note: If you experience technical ifficulties connecting online, please call into the meeting to participate by phone.

Join By Phone:

+1 775-321-6111 United States, Reno Phone Conference ID: 286 562 031#

The proposed changes to NAC Chapter 441A are required in accordance with Senate Bill (SB) 211 of the 2021 Legislative Session and Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) Chapter 441A. Senate Bill (SB) 211 [formerly Bill Draft Request (BDR) 40-563] was introduced during the 2021 Nevada 81st Legislative Session and signed by Governor Steve Sisolak on June 4, 2021. The bill establishes requirements relating to testing for sexually transmitted diseases (STD) and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The proposed regulations will update NAC Chapter 441A in accordance with the requirements set forth in SB 211. Current regulations do not outline the requirement to consult with patients about whether they wish to be tested for HIV or STDs.

The proposed changes to NAC Chapter 441A include the following:

- Adopts by reference certain federal guidelines concerning testing for sexually transmitted diseases and offering culturally and linguistically appropriate services;
- Requires a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or midwife to follow the procedures set forth in such guidelines when determining which tests for sexually transmitted diseases are medically indicated;
- Requires a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or midwife to document in the record of the patient: (1) whether any tests were offered and, if so, which tests were offered; and (2) whether the patient agreed to the performance of each test that was offered;
- Requires a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or midwife to communicate with patients concerning such tests in accordance with federal guidelines concerning the provision of culturally and linguistically appropriate services; and
- Makes conforming changes to avoid duplicative reference to acquired immune deficiency syndrome and the human immunodeficiency virus.
- The errata further defines when a test is medically indicated, under these provisions.
- 1. Anticipated effects on the business which NAC # 441A regulates:
 - A. *Adverse effects*: The Division of Public and Behavioral Health does not anti-tree any adverse/negative impacts to businesses or the general public in the State of Nevada.
 - B. *Beneficial*: The positive/beneficial effects of the proposed regulations to trainesse in the State of Nevada would be increased billing for HIV and STDs testing.
 - C. *Immediate:* As soon as the proposed regulations become effect e, it would acrease opportunities for testing HIV and STDs across Nevada. All insurances in Nevada are required to giver HIV and STD testing following United States Preventive Services Taskforce (USPSTF) and the Course for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Guidelines.
 - D. *Long-term*: The long-term positive/beneficial effect of SB 1/1002-22 to businesses in the State of Nevada include a reduction in the future cost of medical rear creation of late diagnosis of HIV and STDs.
- 2. Anticipated effects on the public:

regarding the proposed regulations.

- A. *Adverse*: The Division of Public and Behavioral Hulth does not anticipate any adverse/negative impacts to the general public in the State of Nevada.
- B. Beneficial: The proposed regulation with liminate patients' need to self-advocate for HIV and STD testing.
- C. *Immediate*: As soon as the propose regume ons become effective it would allow for (this benefit) to the public in the State of Nevada.
- D. Long-term: The long-ter proceed beneficial effects to the public include a reduction of the future cost of medical care and treatment of the diagnosis of HIV and STDs. Additionally, it will destignatize HIV and STDs among medical proverers and the tublic. Lastly, these regulations will decrease HIV and STD occurrence in Nevada and potentially ending the HIV midemic in Nevada.
- 3. The Division of Public and beautiful Health determined the impact on small businesses by soliciting responses through the Public Workshop and Small Business Impact (SBI) questionnaire. SBI Statement was solicited via email to multiple listservs targeting medical providers, health facilities, professional MD/DO/NP associations, and more. Additionally, the information for the Public Workshop, SBI questionnaire, SBI Statement was also provided online via the of of HIV Regulation State Nevada, Office Development Processes Website (Link: https://dpbh.nv.gov/Programs/HIV/dta/Policies/HIV Regulation Development Processes/) and posted at the local health authorities offices. Interested parties could also request a physical copy via email (sent via mail) or in person at our office or the local health departments. The Division of Public and Behavioral Health did not receive any negative feedback
- 4. These proposed regulations will not add any costs to the current regulatory enforcement activities conducted by the Division of Public and Behavioral Health.
- 5. The proposed regulations do not overlap or duplicate federal, state, or local standards.

6. The proposed regulations do not establish a new fee nor increases an existing fee.

Members of the public may make oral comments at this meeting. Persons wishing to submit written testimony or documentary evidence in excess of two typed, 8-1/2" x 11" pages must submit the material to the Board's Secretary, Lisa Sherych, to be received no later than Five (5) DAYS BEFORE MEETING DATE at the following address:

> Secretary, State Board of Health Division of Public and Behavioral Health 4150 Technology Way, Suite 300 Carson City, NV 89706 stateBOH@health.nv.gov

Written comments, testimony, or documentary evidence in excess of two typed pages will not be accepted at the time of the hearing. The purpose of this requirement is to allow Board members adequate time to review the documents.

A copy of the notice and proposed regulations are on file for inspection and/or may be copied at the following locations during normal business hours:

- 1. Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health 4150 Technology Av., Carson City, NV 89706
- 2. Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Health 2290 South Jord uite # 110, Las Vegas, NV Boy evan
- 3. Southern Nevada Health District 280 S Decatur Blvd, Las Vegas, N
- 4. Washoe County Health District 1001 E 9th St B, Reno, N 9512

A copy of the regulations and small business impact statemer can be found n-line by going to: https://dpbh.nv.gov/Programs/HIV/dta/Policies/HIV R on Development Processes/

A copy of the public hearing notice can also be found it Nevada Laslature's web page: https://www.leg.state.nv.us/App/Notice/A/

ng the Division of Public and Behavioral Health at: Copies may be obtained in person, by mail

> ton Nguyen Tang, MPH on of Public and Behavioral Health 2290 Sou es Boulevard, Suite # 110, Las Vegas, NV 89146 Phone: (702) 486-6488

Email: ptang@health.nv.gov

Re Nevada State Library at the address listed below: Copies may also be obtained from

> Nevada State Library & Archives 100 N. Stewart Street Carson City, NV 89701

Per NRS 233B.064(2), upon adoption of any regulation, the agency, if requested to do so by an interested person, either prior to adoption or within 30 days thereafter, shall issue a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption, and incorporate therein its reason for overruling the consideration urged against its adoption.



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Lisa Sherych Administrator

Ihsan Azzam, Ph.D., M.D. Chief Medical Officer

MEMORANDUM

DATE: February 9th, 2023

TO: Jon Pennell, Chair State Board of Health

FROM: Lisa Sherych, Secretary

State Board of Health

RE: Consideration and adoption of the proposed regulation amendment to Nevada Administrative Code (NAC)

441A, Legislative Counsel Bureau (LCB) File No. R002-22

PURPOSE OF AMENDMENT

LCB File No. R002-22 revises Nevada Administrative Code (C) Capter 441A in accordance with Senate Bill (SB) 211 of the 2021 Legislative Session and Nevada Revised Statutes (NR) Shaper 441A.

SUMMARY OF CHANGES TO NEVADA ADMINISTRATIVE COLI (NAC)

SB 211 requires, with certain exceptions, a physician, weight assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or midwife who provides or supervises the provision of emergency medical services in a hospital or primary care to a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the provision of emergency medical services in a hospital or primary care to a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the provision of emergency medical services in a hospital or primary care to a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the provision of emergency medical services in a hospital or primary care to a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the provision of emergency medical services in a hospital or primary care to a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the provision of emergency medical services in a hospital or primary care to a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the provision of emergency medical services in a hospital or primary care to a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the provision of emergency medical services in a hospital or primary care to a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the provision of emergency medical services in a hospital or primary care to a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the provision of emergency medical services in a hospital or primary care to a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the provision of emergency medical services in a hospital or primary care to a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the provision of emergency medical services in a hospital or primary care to a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the provision of a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the provision of a patient who is 15 years of a patie

SB 211 further requires the late Board of Health to adopt regulations to ensure that: (1) any such test is administered pursuant to SB 211 is medically majcated for that patient; and (2) communications concerning the testing are made in a culturally competent and linguistically appropriate manner. LCB File No. R002-22 makes the following changes to NAC Chapter 441A to conform with SB 211:

- Adopts by reference certain federal guidelines concerning testing for sexually transmitted diseases and offering culturally and linguistically appropriate services;
- Requires a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or midwife to follow the procedures set forth in such guidelines when determining which tests for sexually transmitted diseases are medically indicated;
- Requires a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or midwife to document in the record
 of the patient: (1) whether any tests were offered and, if so, which tests were offered; and (2) whether the patient
 agreed to the performance of each test that was offered;

- Requires a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or midwife to communicate with
 patients concerning such tests in accordance with federal guidelines concerning the provision of culturally and
 linguistically appropriate services; and
- Makes conforming changes to avoid duplicative reference to acquired immune deficiency syndrome and the human immunodeficiency virus.
- The errata further defines when a test is medically indicated, under these provisions.

POSSIBLE OUTCOME IF PROPOSED AMENDMENT IS NOT APPROVED

If LCB File No. R002-22 is not approved, NAC Chapter 441A will not follow the requirements set forth in SB 211.

APPLICABILITY OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT

These regulations will apply statewide to all emergency medical services providers in a hospital or primary care setting.

PUBLIC COMMENT RECEIVED

The Division of Public and Behavioral Health determined the impact on small businesses by soliciting responses through the Public Workshop and Small Business Impact (SBI) questionnaire. SBI Statement was solicited via email to multiple listservs targeting medical providers, health facilities, professional Doctor of Medical (MD) / Doctor of Osteopathic medicine (DO) / nurse practitioner (NP) associations, and more.

Additionally, the information for the Public Workshop, SBI questionnaire, as also provided online via the Stathme 'e nent Nevada, Office of HIV Regulation De Processes State https://dpbh.nv.gov/Programs/HIV/dta/Policies/HIV_Regulation_Developme_Programs/HIV/dta/Policies/HIV/dta/Pol esses/) and posted at the local health authorities' offices. Interested parties could also request a vsical copy a email (sent via mail) or in person at our office or the local health departments.

The Division of Public and Behavioral Health recorded one (1, 1) conserve the SBI questionnaire, which was in favor of the proposed changes set forth in SB 211. The Division of the conserve with vioral Health did not receive any negative feedback regarding the proposed changes for SB 211.

PUBLIC WORKSHOP

- 1. A public workshop was held on The virtually.
 - a. Summary of testime to Pub. Comment was made by community members attending the public workshop.
- 2. A public workshop was held Monday, July 18, 2022, for the updated errata language. There were 18 participants who at added to workshop virtually.
 - a. Summary of only: Comments were favorable by community members attending the public workshop.
- 3. A public workshop was held on Thursday, January 12, 2023, for the updated errata language. There were 23 participants who attended the workshop virtually.
 - a. Summary of testimony: A comment was favorable by community members attending the public workshop.

STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends the State Board of Health adopts the proposed regulation amendments to NAC 441A, LCB File No. R002-22.

PRESENTER

Preston Nguyen Tang, MPH - Health Program Specialist I - Office of HIV

SECOND REVISED PROPOSED REGULATION OF

THE STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

LCB File No. R002-22

May 10, 2023

EXPLANATION - Matter in italics is new; matter in brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AUTHORITY: §§ 1 and 3, NRS 439.200, 441A.120 and 441A.315; §§ 2 and 4-15, NRS 439.200 and 441A.120.

A REGULATION relating to public health; prescribing procedures concerning testing for sexually transmitted diseases; removing certain dup, ratio references to acquired immune deficiency syndrome; updating references to a tain publications; and providing other matters properly relating thereo.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law requires the State Board He hadopt regulations governing the control of communicable diseases which are known to be sexually transmitted. (NRS 441A.120) Existing law further requires, with certain exceptions, a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or midwife was present or supervises the provision of emergency medical services in a hospital or the re to a patient who is 15 years of age or older to: (1) consult with the patient to ascertan, whether he or she wishes to be tested for sexually transmitted diseases and to remine which tests, if any, are medically indicated; and (2) to the extent practicable and that a tip a medically indicated, test a patient who wishes to be tested for sexually transmission dise. So or help such a patient obtain a test. (NRS 441A.315) Section 3 of this regulation popts by recreate certain federal guidelines concerning testing for sexually transmitted disease and opening culturally and linguistically appropriate services. **Section 1** of this regulation required physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or midwife to follow the procedures set forth in such guidelines when determining which tests for sexually transmitted diseases are medically indicated. **Section 1** requires a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or midwife to document in the record of the patient: (1) whether any tests were offered and, if so, which tests were offered; and (2) whether the patient agreed to the performance of each test that was offered. Section 1 also requires a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or midwife to communicate with patients concerning such tests in accordance with federal guidelines concerning the provision of culturally and linguistically appropriate services. Sections 3, 5, 6 and 9-14 of this regulation update references to certain publications adopted by reference.

Existing law provides that it is the policy of this State to avoid duplicative references to acquired immune deficiency syndrome and the human immunodeficiency virus in the Nevada

Administrative Code. (NRS 233B.062) **Sections 2, 4, 7, 8 and 15** of this regulation accordingly remove such references.

- **Section 1.** Chapter 441A of NAC is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:
- 1. When making a determination pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 441A.315 concerning which tests for sexually transmitted diseases are medically indicated for a patient, a physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse or midwife shall follow the procedures set forth in "Chlamydia and Gonorrhea: Screening," "Human Improvious Sciency Virus (HIV) Infection: Screening" and "Syphilis Infection in Nonpragnant" dollacents and Adults: Screening," as adopted by reference in NAC 441A.200.
- 2. A physician, physician assistant, advanced trace registered nurse or midwife who performs the actions required by subsection 1 NV 3441A.315 shall:
 - (a) Document in the record of the parent:
- (1) Whether any tests for sexually to the diseases were offered to the patient and, if so, which tests were offered; and
- (2) For each test off sea spatient, whether the patient agreed to the performance of the test; and
- (b) Communicate the patient concerning testing for sexually transmitted diseases in accordance with "National Standards for Culturally and Linguistically Appropriate Services (CLAS) in Health and Health Care," as adopted by reference in NAC 441A.200.
 - **Sec. 2.** NAC 441A.040 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 441A.040 "Communicable disease," as defined in NRS 441A.040, includes:
 - 1. [Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS).
- 2.1 Amebiasis.

- [3.] 2. Animal bite from a rabies-susceptible animal.
- [4.] 3. Anthrax.
- [5.] 4. Botulism, foodborne.
- [6.] 5. Botulism, infant.
- [7.] 6. Botulism, wound.
- [8.] 7. Botulism, other than foodborne botulism, infant botulism or wound botulism.
- [9.] 8. Brucellosis.
- [10.] 9. Campylobacteriosis.
- [11.] 10. Chancroid.
- [12.] 11. Chikungunya virus disease.
- [13.] 12. Chlamydia trachomatis infection of the genital tact.
- [14.] 13. Cholera.
- [15.] 14. Coccidioidomycosis.
- [16.] 15. Cryptosporidiosis
- [17.] 16. Dengue.
- [18.] 17. Diphtham.
- [19.] 18. Ehrl hiosis naplasmosis.
- [20.] 19. Encephalitis.
- [21. Enterobacteriaceae,]
- 20. Enterobacterales, carbapenem-resistant (CRE), including carbapenem-resistant
- Enterobacter spp., Escherichia coli and Klebsiella spp.
 - [22.] 21. Extraordinary occurrence of illness.
 - [23.] 22. Foodborne disease outbreak.

- [24.] 23. Giardiasis.
- [25.] 24. Gonococcal infection.
- [26.] 25. Granuloma inguinale.
- [27.] 26. Haemophilus influenzae type b invasive disease.
- [28.] 27. Hansen's disease (leprosy).
- [29.] 28. Hantavirus.
- [30.] 29. Hemolytic-uremic syndrome (HUS).
- [31.] 30. Hepatitis A.
- [32.] *31*. Hepatitis B.
- [33.] 32. Hepatitis C.
- [34.] 33. Hepatitis Delta.
- [35.] 34. Hepatitis E.
- [36.] 35. Hepatitis, unspecified.
- [37.] 36. Human immunod improversion (HIV).
- [38.] 37. Influenza th
- (a) Associated with a hold alization or the death of a person under 18 years of age; or
- (b) Known or spected to be of a viral strain that:
- (1) The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention or the World Health Organization has determined poses a risk of a national or global pandemic; or
 - (2) Is novel or untypeable.
 - [39.] 38. Legionellosis.
 - [40.] 39. Leptospirosis.
 - [41.] 40. Listeriosis.

- [42.] 41. Lyme disease.
- [43.] 42. Lymphogranuloma venereum.
- [44.] 43. Malaria.
- [45.] 44. Measles (rubeola).
- [46.] 45. Meningitis.
- [47.] 46. Meningococcal disease.
- [48.] 47. Mumps.
- [49.] 48. Pertussis.
- [50.] 49. Plague.
- [51.] 50. Poliovirus infection.
- [52.] *51*. Psittacosis.
- [53.] 52. Q fever.
- [54.] 53. Rabies, human or animal.
- [55.] 54. Relapsing fever.
- [56.] 55. Respiratory extial vis infection.
- [57.] 56. Rotavir infe
- [58.] 57. Rub la (inc ding congenital rubella syndrome).
- [59.] 58. Saint Louis encephalitis virus (SLEV).
- [60.] 59. Salmonellosis.
- [61.] 60. Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS).
- [62.] 61. Severe reaction to immunization.
- [63.] 62. Shiga toxin-producing Escherichia coli.
- [64.] 63. Shigellosis.

- [65.] 64. Smallpox (variola).
- [66.] 65. Spotted fever riskettsioses.
- [67.] 66. Staphylococcus aureus, vancomycin-intermediate.
- [68.] 67. Staphylococcus aureus, vancomycin-resistant.
- [69.] 68. Streptococcal toxic shock syndrome.
- [70.] 69. Streptococcus pneumoniae (invasive).
- [71.] 70. Syphilis (including congenital syphilis).
- [72.] 71. Tetanus.
- [73.] 72. Toxic shock syndrome, other than streptococca oxic shock yndrome.
- [74.] **73.** Trichinosis.
- [75.] 74. Tuberculosis.
- [76.] 75. Tularemia.
- [77.] **76.** Typhoid fever.
- [78.] 77. Varicella (chicker
- [79.] 78. Vibriosis.
- [80.] 79. Viral boorrh fever.
- [81.] 80. Wes Nile vis.
- [82.] 81. Yellow fever.
- [83.] 82. Yersiniosis.
- [84.] 83. Zika virus disease.
- **Sec. 3.** NAC 441A.200 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 441A.200 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, the following recommendations, guidelines and publications are adopted by reference:

- (a) The standard precautions to prevent transmission of disease by contact with blood or other body fluids as recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in "Perspectives in Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Update: Universal Precautions for Prevention of Transmission of Human Immunodeficiency Virus, Hepatitis B Virus, and Other Bloodborne Pathogens in Health-Care Settings," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* [37(24):377-388, June 24, 1988], published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost on the Internet at http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.
- (b) The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention's 20% Guiceline for Isolation

 Precautions: Preventing Transmission of Infectious Agents in Hear Care Settings, published by
 the United States Department of Health and Human Service for a available at no cost on the
 Internet at [https://www.cdc.gov/infectioncometrol/paperuidelines/isolation-guidelines.pdf,]

 https://www.cdc.gov/infectioncontrol/paperuidelines/isolation-guidelines-H.pdf, or, if that
 Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.
- (c) The recommended disease of the investigation, prevention, suppression and control of communicable disease set for boy the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in:
- (1) "General Reconfidential Communication on Immunization: Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* [55(RR15):1-48, December 1, 2006], published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost on the Internet at http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division; and
- (2) Manual for the Surveillance of Vaccine-Preventable Diseases, [4th edition,] published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost on the

Internet at http://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/pubs/surv-manual/index.html, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.

- (d) The recommended guidelines for the investigation, prevention, suppression and control of communicable diseases contained in *Control of Communicable Diseases Manual*, [20th] 21st edition, published by the American Public Health Association and available for the price of [\$38.50] \$59.50 for members and [\$55.00] \$85.00 for nonmembers from the American Public Health Association, 800 I Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20001-3710, or at the Internet address http://www.apha.org.
- (e) The recommended guidelines for the investigation, presention, suppression and control of communicable diseases contained in *Red Book:* [2015] 2021 Report of the Committee on Infectious Diseases, [30th] 32nd edition, publishes by the respect of Academy of Pediatrics and available for the price of [\$75.00] \$119.95 for mean ters and \$149.95 for nonmembers from the American Academy of Pediatrics, [141 Porthwest Point Boulevard, Elk Grove Village, Illinois 60007,] 345 Park Boulevard, Item 10. vis 60143, or at the Internet address [http://www.aap.org.] http://www.aap.org.] http://www.aap.org.] http://www.aap.org.]
- (f) The recommendation of the testing, treatment, prevention, suppression and control of chancroid, *Chlama ia traciomatis*, gonococcal infection, granuloma inguinale, lymphogranuloma venereum, [and] infectious syphilis *and human immunodeficiency virus* as are specified in "Sexually Transmitted [Diseases] *Infections* Treatment Guidelines, [2006,"] 2021," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* [55(RR11):1-94, August 4, 2006,] [70(4):1-187, July 23, 2021], published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost on the Internet at http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.

- (g) The recommendations for the counseling of and effective treatment for a person having active tuberculosis or tuberculosis infection as set forth in:
- (1) "Controlling Tuberculosis in the United States: Recommendations from the American Thoracic Society, CDC, and the Infectious Diseases Society of America," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* [54(RR12):1-81, November 4, 2005], published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost on the Internet at http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division;
- (2) "Treatment of Tuberculosis," *Morbidity and Mortality Well V Report* [52(RR11):1-77, June 20, 2003], published by the United States Department of deal Cand Luman Services and available at no cost on the Internet at **http://www.cdc.cov/mmwi**, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division;
- (3) "Targeted Tuberculin Testing and Treatment of Latent Tuberculosis Infection,"

 Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report [10(RR0):1-54, June 9, 2000], published by the United

 States Department of Health and Tumah, lervices and available at no cost on the Internet at

 http://www.cdc.gov/mmv.cor. if the Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division;
- (4) The recommendations of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for preventing and control of Tuberculosis in correctional and detention facilities set forth in "Prevention and Control of Tuberculosis in Correctional and Detention Facilities:

 Recommendations from CDC," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* [55(RR9):1-44,]

 [55(RR09):1-44, July 7, 2006], published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost on the Internet at http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division; and

- (5) "Guidelines for the Investigation of Contacts of Persons with Infectious Tuberculosis: Recommendations from the National Tuberculosis Controllers Association and CDC," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* [54(RR15):1-37, December 16, 2005], published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost on the Internet at http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.
- (h) The recommendations of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for preventing the transmission of tuberculosis in facilities providing health care set forth in "Guidelines for Preventing the Transmission of *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* in Health Care Settings, 2005," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* [54(RR17):1-141, Deember 30, 2005], published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost on the Internet at http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr, or, if that Internet website was to exist, from the Division.
- (i) "Case Definitions for Infectious Conditions, ander Public Health Surveillance," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* [46(RR10). 55, Mt. 2, 1997], published by the United States

 Department of Health and Human Sarvice, and available at no cost on the Internet at

 http://www.cdc.gov/mmy.cor. if the Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.
- (j) "Recommended Antii a Lobial Agents for Treatment and Postexposure Prophylaxis of Pertussis: 2005 Cla C Guid lines," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* [54(RR14):1-16, December 9, 2005], published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost on the Internet at http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.
- (k) "Updated Recommendations for Isolation of Persons with Mumps," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* [57(40):1103-1105, October 10, 2008], published by the United States

Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost on the Internet at http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.

- (1) "Recommendations for Partner Services Programs for HIV Infection, Syphilis, Gonorrhea, and Chlamydial Infection," *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* [57(RR09):1-83, November 7, 2008], published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost on the Internet at http://www.cdc.gov/mmwr, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.
- (m) "Facility Guidance for Control of Carbapenem-resistant [Enterobacter aceae]

 Enterobacteriaceae (CRE)," published by the United States Exparament of Health and Human Services and available at no cost from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention [of the United States Department of Health and Human Services] with Internet at [https://www.ede.gov/hai/organisms/cre/ere collaboration]

 https://www.cdc.gov/hai/pdfs/cre/CRE-g. idance 108.pdf, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.
- (n) "Interim [guidance of sidance for a *Public* Health Response to Contain Novel or Targeted Multidrug-resistant (ganisms [(MRDOs),"] (MDROs)," published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention [of the United States Department of Health and Human Services] on the Internet at [https://www.cdc.gov/hai/outbreaks/docs/Health-Response Contain-MDRO-pdf,] https://www.cdc.gov/hai/pdfs/containment/Health-Response-Contain-MDRO-H.pdf, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.
- (o) The guidelines for the prevention, postexposure management and control of rabies as specified in the "Compendium of Animal Rabies Prevention and Control, 2016," published by

the National Association of State Public Health Veterinarians and available at no cost on the Internet at http://nasphv.org/documentsCompendiaRabies.html, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.

- (p) "Carbapenemase Producing Carbapenem-Resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CP-CRE) 2018

 Case Definition," published by the United States Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost on the Internet at [https://wwwn.cdc.gov/nndss/conditions/carbapenemase-producing-carbapenem-resistant-enterobacteriaceae/case-definition/2018/1

 https://ndc.services.cdc.gov/case-definitions/carbapenemase-producing-carbapenem-resistant-enterobacteriaceae-2018/, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist from the Division.
- (q) The recommendations for offering culturally and linguist. Ay appropriate services set forth in "National Standards for Culturally and Linguist." Appropriate Services (CLAS) in Health and Health Care," published by the Units. Stat. Department of Health and Human Services and available at no cost on the externel of https://thinkculturalhealth.hhs.gov/clas, or, if that Internet website ceases to sixt. It in the Division.
- (r) "Human Immunod Triency Trus (HIV) Infection: Screening," published by the United States Prevent tive States Task Force and available at no cost on the Internet at https://www.uspre-ntives/vicestaskforce.org/uspstf/recommendation/human-immunodeficiency-virus-hiv-infection-screening, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.
- (s) "Syphilis Infection in Nonpregnant Adolescents and Adults: Screening," published by the United States Preventive Services Task Force and available at no cost on the Internet at https://uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/uspstf/recommendation/syphilis-infection-

<u>nonpregnant-adults-adolescents-screening</u>, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.

- (t) "Chlamydia and Gonorrhea: Screening," published by the United States Preventive

 Services Task Force and available at no cost on the Internet at

 https://uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org/uspstf/recommendation/chlamydia-and-gonorrhea-screening, or, if that Internet website ceases to exist, from the Division.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the most current version of a recommendation, guideline or publication adopted by reference pursant to subsection 1 which is published will be deemed to be adopted by reference. If both the state and socal health authorities determine that an update of or revision to a recommendation, guideline or publication described in subsection 1 is not appropriate for use in the State of New Mark the Chief Medical Officer will present this determination to the Board and the update or evision, as applicable, will not be adopted. If the agency or other entity that sublishes a recommendation, guideline or publication described in subsection 1 ceases combine the recommendation, guideline or publication:
- (a) The last version of a recommendation, guideline or publication that was published before the agency or actity correct to publish the recommendation, guideline or publication shall be deemed to be the current version; and
- (b) The recommendation, guideline or publication will be made available on an Internet website maintained by the Division.
 - **Sec. 4.** NAC 441A.252 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 441A.252 1. Each insurer who requires or requests an applicant for a policy of life insurance or any other person to be examined or subjected to any medical, clinical or laboratory test that produces evidence consistent with the presence of:

- (a) [Acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS);
- (b) Hepatitis A;
 - $\frac{(c)}{(b)}$ (b) Hepatitis B;
 - [(d)] (c) Hepatitis C;
 - (e) (d) Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV);
 - (e) Syphilis, including congenital syphilis; or
 - $\frac{f(g)}{f}$ (f) Tuberculosis,
- ⇒ shall, within 10 business days after the insurer is notified of the realts of the examination or test, report the results of the test to the Chief Medical Officer (a refresheative thereof.
 - 2. The report must include:
 - (a) The name and description of the examination or test corned;
 - (b) The name of the communicable disease;
 - (c) The date and result of the examination or that performed;
- (d) The name, address and to hope number of the insurer who required or requested the examination or test;
- (e) The name, address and a available, telephone number, and the age or date of birth of the person who was exprined at tested;
- (f) The name, address and telephone number of the person who performed the examination or ordered the test;
- (g) The name, address and telephone number of the medical laboratory that performed the test; and
 - (h) Any other information the Chief Medical Officer or the representative may request.

- 3. The insurer shall submit the report to the Chief Medical Officer or the representative by telephone or any other method of electronic communication.
 - **Sec. 5.** NAC 441A.290 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 441A.290 1. A district health officer who knows, suspects or is informed of the existence within his or her jurisdiction of a communicable disease shall:
- (a) Use as a guideline for the investigation, prevention, suppression and control of the communicable disease, the recommended guidelines for the investigation prevention, suppression and control of communicable disease set forth in:
- (1) "General Recommendations on Immunization: Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices," adopted by reference pure at to NAC 441A.200;
- (2) Manual for the Surveillance of Vaccine revents. Viseases, adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200;
- (3) Control of Communicable Disa ses Mo ual, adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200; and
- (4) Red Book: [2015] 2021 Report of the Committee on Infectious Diseases, adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 4. A.200; and
- (b) Carry out to meastles for the investigation, prevention, suppression and control of the communicable disease specified in this chapter.
- 2. Upon receiving a report from a medical laboratory pursuant to NAC 441A.235, the district health officer shall notify the health care provider who ordered the test or examination and discuss the circumstances of the case or suspected case before initiating an investigation or notifying the case or suspected case. If, after a reasonable effort, the district health officer is unable to notify the health care provider who ordered the test or examination before the time an

investigation must be initiated to protect the public health, the district health officer may proceed with the investigation, including notifying the case or suspected case, and may carry out measures for the prevention, suppression and control of the communicable disease.

- 3. The district health officer shall notify the Chief Medical Officer, or a representative thereof, as soon as possible of any case reported in his or her jurisdiction:
- (a) Having anthrax, foodborne botulism, botulism other than foodborne botulism, infant botulism or wound botulism, cholera, diphtheria, extraordinary occurrence of illness, measles, plague, rabies, rubella, severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS), sullpox ariola), tularemia or typhoid fever;
 - (b) That is part of a foodborne disease outbreak; or
- (c) That is known or suspected to be related to an act of trational transmission or biological terrorism.
- 4. The district health officer shall prevare a case report for each case reported in his or her jurisdiction pursuant to the provisions on his chapter. The report must be made on a form approved or provided by the Division and be submitted to the Chief Medical Officer, or the representative, within 7 days over completing the investigation of the case. The district health officer shall provide all available information requested by the Chief Medical Officer, or the representative, for each case reported, unless the provision of that information is prohibited by federal law.
- 5. If the district health officer suspects that there may be an association between two or more cases infected with the same communicable disease, the district health officer shall:
- (a) Conduct an investigation to determine whether the cases share a common source of infection; and

- (b) If he or she identifies a common source of infection that poses a threat to the public health:
 - (1) Inform the public of the common source of infection;
- (2) Provide education to the public concerning the risk, transmission, prevention and control of the communicable disease; and
 - (3) Notify the Chief Medical Officer.
- 6. The district health officer shall inform persons within his or her jurisdiction who are subject to the provisions of this chapter of the requirements of this chapter.
- 7. The district health officer may require, in his or her jundicum, the reporting of an infectious disease not specified in NAC 441A.040 as a communical disease.
 - Sec. 6. NAC 441A.295 is hereby amended to read as 11 ws:
- 441A.295 1. If the Chief Medical Officer k, ws. spects or is informed of the existence within his or her jurisdiction of a communicable bease, he or she shall:
- (a) Use as a guideline for the largestic sion, prevention, suppression and control of the communicable disease, the commended guidelines for the investigation, prevention, suppression and control of the communicable disease set forth in:
- (1) "General Recombiendations on Immunization: Recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices," adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200;
- (2) Manual for the Surveillance of Vaccine-Preventable Diseases, adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200;
- (3) Control of Communicable Diseases Manual, adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200; and

- (4) Red Book: [2015] 2021 Report of the Committee on Infectious Diseases, adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200; and
- (b) Carry out the measures for the investigation, prevention, suppression and control of the communicable disease specified in the provisions of this chapter.
- 2. Upon receiving a report from a medical laboratory pursuant to NAC 441A.235, the Chief Medical Officer shall contact the health care provider who ordered the test or examination and discuss the circumstances of the case or suspected case before initiating an investigation or contacting the case or suspected case. If, after a reasonable effort, the Chief Medical Officer is unable to contact the health care provider who ordered the test or examination before the time when an investigation must be initiated to protect the public health are Chief Medical Officer may proceed with the investigation, including corracting the case or suspected case, and may carry out measures for the prevention, supprecious adjusted of the communicable disease.
- 3. If the Chief Medical Officer suspects that here may be an association between two or more cases infected with the same some micable disease, the Chief Medical Officer shall:
- (a) Conduct an investigation to decrmine whether the cases share a common source of infection; and
- (b) If he or she dentifies a common source of infection that poses a threat to the public health:
 - (1) Inform the public of the common source of infection; and
- (2) Provide education to the public concerning the risk, transmission, prevention and control of the communicable disease.
- 4. The Chief Medical Officer shall inform persons within his or her jurisdiction who are subject to the provisions of this chapter of the requirements of this chapter.

- **Sec. 7.** NAC 441A.305 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 441A.305 1. Pursuant to subsection 10 of NRS 441A.220, the health authority shall disclose information of a personal nature:
- (a) Provided by a person making a report of a case or suspected case or provided by the person having a communicable disease; or
 - (b) Determined by investigation of the health authority,
- → to a firefighter, police officer or person providing emergency medical services if the information relates to a communicable disease significantly related to that occupation. The communicable diseases which are significantly related to the occur don of a firefighter, police officer or person providing emergency medical services are [acquair ammune deficiency syndrome (AIDS),] human immunodeficiency viras infection (AIV), diphtheria, hepatitis B, hepatitis C, hepatitis delta, measles, mening access lise te, plague, rabies and tuberculosis.
- 2. Information of a personal nature rost not be disclosed to a firefighter, police officer or person providing emergency medical services pursuant to subsection 1 unless the health authority has determined that the person has been exposed, in a manner likely to cause transmission of a communicate disease specified in subsection 1, to blood, semen, vaginal secretions, saliva, trine, feles, respiratory secretions or other body fluids which are known, through laboratory confirmation, or reasonably suspected by the health authority to contain the causative agent of a communicable disease specified in subsection 1.
- 3. A firefighter, police officer or person providing emergency medical services shall report to his or her employing agency any exposure to blood, semen, vaginal secretions, saliva, urine, feces, respiratory secretions or other body fluids in a manner likely to have allowed transmission of a communicable disease. Upon receiving the report, the employing agency shall immediately

make available to the exposed employee a confidential medical evaluation and follow-up, in accordance with the postexposure evaluation and follow-up described in the relevant portions of 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030(f).

- 4. The health authority making a disclosure pursuant to subsection 1 may disclose only that information of a personal nature which is necessary for the protection of the exposed firefighter, police officer or person providing emergency medical services.
- 5. The health authority shall not order a medical test or examination solely for the purpose of determining the exposure of a firefighter, police officer or person poviding emergency medical services to a carrier of a communicable disease.
 - **Sec. 8.** NAC 441A.450 is hereby amended to read as follows
 - 441A.450 1. The health authority shall investigate experience port of a case having [:
- (A) Acquired immune deficiency syndrom (A) (S);
- (b) A] a human immunodeficiency views infection (HIV), as identified by a confirmed positive human immunodeficiency views fection (HIV) blood test administered by a medical laboratory,
- to confirm the dimposist of identify each person with whom the case has had sexual relations and each terson with whom the case has shared a needle. The health authority shall notify each person so identified of his or her potential exposure and of the availability of counseling and of testing for the presence of human immunodeficiency virus infection (HIV). If a person notified pursuant to this section is unable to obtain counseling as set forth in NRS 441A.336, the health authority shall provide, or ensure the provision of, the counseling.
- 2. If a case reported pursuant to subsection 1 has donated or sold blood, plasma, sperm or other bodily tissues during the year preceding the diagnosis, the health authority shall make

reasonable efforts to notify the recipient of his or her potential exposure to the human immunodeficiency virus infection (HIV). For acquired immune deficiency syndrome (AIDS).

- 3. If a case is reported pursuant to subsection 1 because of a sexual offense, the health authority shall seek the identity and location of the victim and make reasonable efforts to notify the victim of his or her possible exposure and to advise him or her of the availability of counseling and testing for human immunodeficiency virus infection (HIV).
- 4. If a case reported pursuant to subsection 1 has active tuberculosis or tuberculosis infection, the health authority shall make reasonable efforts to ensure that appropriate remedial and medical treatment of the tuberculosis or infection is provided.
- 5. If, at any time, a case reported pursuant to subsection 1 requests assistance from the health authority for notifying and counseling persons with the table has had sexual relations or persons with whom the case has hareen nearly, the health authority shall provide that service.
- 6. If a case reported pursuance subjection 1 is in a medical facility, the medical facility shall provide care to the cast in accommon with blood and body fluid precautions and, if another communicable disease is present, universal precautions or the appropriate disease specific precautions.
 - **Sec. 9.** NAC 441A.485 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 441A.485 1. The health authority shall investigate each report of a case having chancroid to confirm the diagnosis, to determine the source or possible source of the infection and to ensure that the case and any contacts have received appropriate testing and medical treatment.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 441A.210, a person having chancroid shall obtain medical treatment for the disease.

- 3. The health care provider for a person having chancroid shall notify the health authority immediately if the person fails to obtain medical treatment or fails to complete the prescribed course of medical treatment. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 441A.210, the health authority shall take action to ensure that the person receives appropriate medical treatment for the disease.
- 4. A clinic, dispensary or health care provider that accepts supplies or aid from the Division shall provide counseling and take such measures for the testing, treatment prevention, suppression and control of chancroid as are specified in "Sexually Transmitte" [Diseases]

 Infections Treatment Guidelines, [2006,"] 2021," adopted by efertace parsuant to NAC 441A.200.
- 5. A health care provider shall follow the procedures of 6th in "Sexually Transmitted [Diseases] *Infections* Treatment Guidelines 1300c 1200c," adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200, when testing and treating person with chancroid.
 - **Sec. 10.** NAC 441A.490 is story mended to read as follows:
- 441A.490 1. The heart authors shall investigate each report of a case having *Chlamydia trachomatis* infection of the contact tract to confirm the diagnosis, to determine the source or possible source of the infection and to ensure that the case and any contacts have received appropriate testing and medical treatment for the infection.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 441A.210, a person with *Chlamydia trachomatis* infection shall obtain medical treatment for the infection.
- 3. The health care provider for a person with *Chlamydia trachomatis* infection shall notify the health authority immediately if the person fails to obtain medical treatment or fails to complete the prescribed course of medical treatment. Except as otherwise provided in NRS

- 441A.210, the health authority shall take action to ensure that the person receives appropriate medical treatment for the infection.
- 4. A clinic, dispensary or health care provider that accepts supplies or aid from the Division shall provide counseling and take such measures for the testing, treatment, prevention, suppression and control of *Chlamydia trachomatis* infection as are specified in "Sexually Transmitted [Diseases] *Infections* Treatment Guidelines, [2006,"] 2021," adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200.
- 5. A health care provider shall follow the procedures set forth in Sexual Transmitted [Diseases] *Infections* Treatment Guidelines, [2006,"] 2021," doptor by inference pursuant to NAC 441A.200, when testing and treating persons with *Chlamyan achomatis* infection.
- 6. If a case having *Chlamydia trachomatis* irraction on be genital tract is in a medical facility, the medical facility shall provide care to the case in accordance with drainage and secretion precautions or other appropriate lisease specific precautions.
 - **Sec. 11.** NAC 441A.540 is serve by mended to read as follows:
- 441A.540 1. The heart authorize shall investigate each report of a case having gonococcal infection to confirm the diagrams, to determine the source or possible source of the infection and to ensure that the use and any contacts have received appropriate testing and medical treatment for the infection.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 441A.210, a person having gonococcal infection shall obtain medical treatment for the infection.
- 3. The health care provider for a person with gonococcal infection shall notify the health authority immediately if the person fails to obtain medical treatment or fails to complete the prescribed course of medical treatment. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 441A.210, the

health authority shall take action to ensure that the person receives appropriate medical treatment for the infection.

- 4. A clinic, dispensary or health care provider that accepts supplies or aid from the Division shall provide counseling and take such measures for the testing, treatment, prevention, suppression and control of gonococcal infection as are specified in "Sexually Transmitted [Diseases] *Infections* Treatment Guidelines, [2006,"] 2021," adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200.
- 5. A health care provider shall follow the procedures set forth in Sexual Transmitted [Diseases] *Infections* Treatment Guidelines, [2006,"] 2021," topt a by inference pursuant to NAC 441A.200, when testing and treating persons with gonococcurrection.
- 6. If a neonatal case having gonococcal infection is in a padical facility, the medical facility shall provide care to the case in accordance with a tact solation or other appropriate disease specific precautions.
 - **Sec. 12.** NAC 441A.545 is septy mended to read as follows:
- 441A.545 1. The heart authors shall investigate each report of a case having granuloma inguinale to confirm the diagrams, to determine the source or possible source of the infection and to ensure that the case and any contacts have received appropriate testing and medical treatment for the disease.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 441A.210, a person with granuloma inguinale shall obtain medical treatment for the disease.
- 3. The health care provider for a person with granuloma inguinale shall notify the health authority immediately if the person fails to submit to medical treatment or fails to complete the prescribed course of medical treatment. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 441A.210, the

health authority shall take action to ensure that the person receives appropriate medical treatment for the disease.

- 4. A clinic, dispensary or health care provider that accepts supplies or aid from the Division shall provide counseling and take such measures for the testing, treatment, prevention, suppression and control of granuloma inguinale as are specified in "Sexually Transmitted [Diseases] *Infections* Treatment Guidelines, [2006,"] 2021," adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200.
- 5. A health care provider shall follow the procedures set forth in Sexual Transmitted [Diseases] *Infections* Treatment Guidelines, [2006,"] 2021," topt a by interence pursuant to NAC 441A.200, when testing and treating persons with granulomar guinale.
 - Sec. 13. NAC 441A.600 is hereby amended read as www.
- 441A.600 1. The health authority shall invest gate each report of a case having lymphogranuloma venereum to confirm the diagrassis, to determine the source or possible source of the infection and to ensure the case all any contacts have received appropriate testing and medical treatment for the classe.
- 2. Except as otherwise playided in NRS 441A.210, a person with lymphogranuloma venereum shall obtain medical treatment for the disease.
- 3. The health care provider for a person with lymphogranuloma venereum shall notify the health authority immediately if the person fails to submit to medical treatment or fails to complete the prescribed course of medical treatment. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 441A.210, the health authority shall take action to ensure that the person receives appropriate medical treatment for the disease.

- 4. A clinic, dispensary or health care provider that accepts supplies or aid from the Division shall provide counseling and take such measures for the testing, treatment, prevention, suppression and control of lymphogranuloma venereum as are specified in "Sexually Transmitted [Diseases] *Infections* Treatment Guidelines, [2006,"] 2021," adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200.
- 5. A health care provider shall follow the procedures set forth in "Sexually Transmitted [Diseases] *Infections* Treatment Guidelines, [2006,"] 2021," adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200, when testing and treating persons with lymphogram, who we reum.
 - **Sec. 14.** NAC 441A.695 is hereby amended to read as few ow
- 441A.695 1. The health authority shall investigate each report a case having congenital, primary, secondary, early latent, late latent or late yphilis
 - (a) Confirm the diagnosis;
 - (b) Determine the source or possible surce of the infection; and
- (c) Ensure that the case and connect has received appropriate testing and treatment for the infection.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 441A.210, a person having infectious syphilis shall be required to subtlit to specific treatment for the infection.
- 3. The health care provider for a person with infectious syphilis shall notify the health authority immediately if the person fails to submit to medical treatment or fails to complete the prescribed course of medical treatment. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 441A.210, the health authority shall take action to ensure that the person receives appropriate medical treatment for the infection.

- 4. A clinic, dispensary or health care provider that accepts supplies or aid from the Division shall provide counseling and take such measures for the testing, treatment, prevention, suppression and control of infectious syphilis as are specified in "Sexually Transmitted [Diseases] *Infections* Treatment Guidelines, [2006,"] 2021," adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200.
- 5. A health care provider shall follow the procedures set forth in "Sexually Transmitted [Diseases] *Infections* Treatment Guidelines, [2006,"] 2021," adopted by reference pursuant to NAC 441A.200, when testing and treating a person with infectious schilis.
- 6. If a case having infectious syphilis is in a medical facily, the medical facility shall provide care to the case in accordance with drainage and secretion accordance.
- 7. As used in this section, "infectious syphilit means the enital, primary, secondary and early latent syphilis.
 - **Sec. 15.** NAC 441A.775 is hereby a ended read as follows:
- 441A.775 As used in NRS 211A 2-2 to 441A.330, inclusive, "sexually transmitted disease" means a bacterial, viral, further partitic disease which may be transmitted through sexual contact, including, but not like and to:
 - 1. [Acquired rmune efficiency syndrome (AIDS).
- 2.] Acute pelvic inflammatory disease.
 - [3.] 2. Chancroid.
 - [4.] 3. Chlamydia trachomatis infection of the genital tract.
 - [5.] 4. Genital herpes simplex.
 - [6.] 5. Genital human papilloma virus infection.
 - [7.] 6. Gonorrhea.

- [8.] 7. Granuloma inguinale.
- [9.] 8. Hepatitis B infection.
- [10.] 9. Human immunodeficiency virus infection (HIV).
- [11.] 10. Lymphogranuloma venereum.
- [12.] 11. Nongonococcal urethritis.
- [13.] 12. Syphilis.





DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH Helping people. It's who we are and what we do.



Lisa Sherych Administrator

Ihsan Azzam, Ph.D., M.D. Chief Medical Officer

SMALL BUSINESS IMPACT STATEMENT 2021

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) 441A

The Division of Public and Behavioral Health (DPBH) has determined that the proposed amendments to the Nevada Administrative Code (NAC), specifically 441A, will not have a financial impact upon a small business or the formation, operation, or expansion of a small business in Nevada.

A small business is defined in Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) 233B as a usiness conducted for profit which employs fewer than 150 full-time or part-time employees."

This small business impact statement is made pursuant to NRS 233B. (3) and complies with the requirements of NRS 233B.0609. As required by NRS 233B.0608(3), the readment identifies the methods used by the agency in determining the impact of the proposed regulation on a small business in sections one (1), two (2), three (3), and four (4) below and provides the regions for responsions of the agency in section eight (8) below followed by the certification by the person readons ale for the agency.

Background

The proposed regulations related to the passage Senate Bill (SB) 211 (SB 211, formerly Bill Draft Request [BDR] 40-563) will update NAC 441A. SB 21 we first duced during the 2021 Nevada 81st Legislative Session and signed by Governor Steve States June 4, 2021. The bill establishes requirements relating to testing for sexually transmitted diseases (SD) and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).

Current regulations do not outline to requirement to consult with patients about whether they wish to be tested for HIV or STDs. The proposal regulation will update and require certain emergency medical services providers in a hospital or fimary are setting to inquire if their patients would like HIV or STD testing. Additionally, the medical provider assists the patient in obtaining a test(s) where practical and medically indicated.

There are several reasons for bringing this change forward:

- 1) Nevada ranked 5th for the highest rates of HIV diagnoses in 2019.
- 2) Nevada ranked 1st for Primary and Secondary Syphilis in 2019.
- 3) Nevada ranked 4th for Congenital Syphilis in 2019.
- 4) Nevada ranked 17th for Chlamydia in 2019.
- 5) Nevada ranked 15th for Gonorrhea in 2019.

Additionally:

• The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends that individuals between the ages of 13 and 64 get tested for HIV and STD as part of routine health care.

- The CDC also recommends more frequent screening of HIV and STDs (e.g. once every 3 or 6 months) for individuals with increased risk of infections.
- The United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) provides a "Grade A" recommendation that clinicians screen for HIV and STDs in adolescents and adults aged 15 to 65 years. Younger adolescents and older adults who are at increased risk of infection should also be screened.

Pursuant to NRS 233B.0608 (2)(a), the Division of Public and Behavioral Health has requested input from all licensed health facilities in Nevada with 150 or fewer employees and from four opt-in email listservs subscribed by persons interested in information relative to the health facilities and HIV/STD prevention and care.

A web-based Small Business Impact Questionnaire and a copy of the proposed regulation changes were sent on Wednesday, November 3, 2021. The questions on the questionnaire were:

- 1) How many employees are currently employed by your business?
- 2) Will a specific regulation have an adverse economic effect upon your business?
- 3) Will the regulation(s) have any beneficial effect upon your business
- 4) Do you anticipate any indirect adverse effects upon your business
- 5) Do you anticipate any indirect beneficial effects upon your business.



Summary of Response

Out of the small-business impact questionnaires sent out when the questionnaire was distributed, one (1) response was recorded as received.

How many employees are currently employed by your business?	Will a specific regulation have an adverse economic effect upon your business?	Will the regulation (s) have any beneficial effect upon your business?	Do you anticipate any indirect adverse effects upon your business?	Do you anticipate any indirect beneficial effects upon your business?
21	Yes - 0	Yes - 1	Yes - 0	Yes - 1
	No - 1	No - 0	No - 1	No - 0

1) Describe the manner in which the analysis was conducted.

An online small business impact questionnaire was disseminated via email in Wednesday, November 3, 2021, and responses were received and reviewed. All questionnaire responses were underted via the web, and none were received via email or mail. The proposed regulations, as well a text and regulations, were reviewed. The Health Program Specialist II, Health Program Specialist I, and the Office of V.V. Section Manager analyzed the information from the questionnaire to determine if the proposed regulations and an impact on small businesses or if it was existing regulations having an effect and was used to develop as small business impact statement.

A public workshop will be scheduled at a future data to continue to obtain feedback on the proposed regulations during the regulatory development process.

- 2) The estimated economic effect of the pictoseal egulation on the small business which it is to regulate including, without limitation both and beneficial effects and both direct and indirect effects.
 - Direct beneficial effect
 - o All insurances and State of Nevada are required to cover HIV and STD testing following USPSTF and CD underlines.
 - regical pit viders can bill for HIV and STD testing.
 - Indirect benefic eff ts:
 - o Increase HIV and STD testing statewide.
 - o Increase diagnosis and treatment of HIV and STD.
 - o Decrease stigma related to HIV and STD.
 - Direct adverse effects:
 - o No significant direct adverse economic effects are anticipated.
- 3) Provide a description of the methods that the agency considered to reduce the impact of the proposed regulation on small businesses and a statement regarding whether the agency actually used any of those methods.

The Division of Public and Behavioral Health has held several opportunities for businesses to provide input and comments regarding the proposed SB 211 regulations, including the economic impact the proposed regulations may have on their business. Responses to the proposed regulation have been favorable.

4) The estimated cost to the agency for enforcement of the proposed regulation.

These proposed regulations will not add any costs to the current regulatory enforcement activities conducted by the Office of HIV.

5) If the proposed regulation provides a new fee or increases an existing fee, the total annual amount DPBH expects to collect and the manner in which the money will be used.

The proposed regulations do not provide for a new fee or increase any existing fee.

6) An explanation of why any duplicative or more stringent provisions than federal, state, or local standards regulating the same activity are necessary.

The proposed regulations are not duplicative or more stringent than any federal, state or local standards.

7) Provide a summary of the reasons for the conclusions of the agency regarding the impact of a regulation on small businesses.

In summary, the proposed regulations SB 211, in carrying out the provisions of NA 441A, will not cause an adverse financial impact on the programs and/or small businesses. SB 211 we significantly benefit residents within the State of Nevada by:

- 1) Destigmatizing HIV and STDs.
- 2) Increasing opportunities for testing of HIV and STDs.
- 3) Providing an earlier diagnosis for HIV and STDs.
- 4) Reducing the future cost of medical care and treatment of later liagnosis of HIV and STDs.

Any other persons interested in obtaining a copy of the contary may e-mail, call, or mail in a request to Preston Nguyen Tang at the Division of Public and the Division of Public and

Prestor Iguye Tang, MPH
Division of Public and Behavioral Health
184 Cara Avenue Suite 110-111
Las vegas, NV 89104
Cone: (702) 486-6488

Lail: ptang@health.nv.gov

Certification by Person esponsible for the Agency

I, Lisa Sherych, Administrator of the Division of Public and Behavioral Health certify to the best of my knowledge or belief, a concern effort was made to determine the impact of the proposed regulation on small businesses and the information contained in this statement was prepared properly and is accurate.

Signature	9	Phunk	Date:	12/2/2021	
-	/here	1			



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH Helping people. It's who we are and what we do.



NOTICE OF PUBLIC WORKSHOP

For Proposed Amendments to Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) Chapter 441A

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Division of Public and Behavioral Health (DPBH) will hold a public workshop to consider an errata to proposed regulations in Legislative Counsel Bureau (LCB) File No. R002-22 and File No. R148-22 amending Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) Chapter 441A in accordance with Senate Bill (SB) 211, Assembly Bill 192, and Senate Bill 275 of the 81st Session of the Nevada Legislature which occurred in 2021 and Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) 441A.

The workshop will be conducted via videoconference and will have a col-in stion vailable beginning at 9:00 AM on Thursday, January 12, 2023, by using the information provided below a join on your computer or by calling in via telephone. If you have difficulties joining in by company, you can call in utilizing the number below:

Microsoft Teams Meeting:

https://teams.microsoft.com/l/meetup-

join/19%3ameeting_MzNjYWUwMzgtNzUzMy00QDV1, WF_7WQtNTdmMDQ4MTVhMzFh%40thread.v2/0?context=%7b%22Tid%22%3a%22e4a340e6-759e-4e68-c...a-

1544d2703980%22%2c%22Oid%22%3a%228f 0486-0 d9-4431-9c80-8cafa9f2d92e%22%7d

Meeting ID: 210 656 597 332

Passcode: 2jKiKE

Download Teams | Join on the we

Or call in (audio only)

+1 775-321-6111,,71578. 97# it d States, Reno

Phone Conference ID: 715 33 56 #

These workshops will be conducted in accordance with NRS 241.020, Nevada's Open Meeting Law.

AGENDA

- 1. Introduction of the workshop process
- 2. Public comment on errata to proposed regulation Legislative Council Bureau (LCB) file no. R002-22 amending Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) Chapter 441A in accordance with Senate Bill (SB) 211 of the 2021 Legislative Session and Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) Chapter 441A.
- 3. Public comment on errata to proposed regulation LCB file no. R148-22 amending NAC 441A in accordance with Assembly Bill (AB) 192 and SB 275 of the 81st Legislative Session of 2021 and NRS Chapter 441A.
- 4. Public Comment

Summary of LCB file no. R002-22

The proposed changes will revise NAC Chapter 441A in accordance with SB 211 and NRS Chapter 441A.

The proposed regulations stem from the passage of SB 211 (formerly Bill Draft Request [BDR] 40-563), which was introduced during the Nevada 81st Legislative Session and signed by Governor Steve Sisolak on June 4, 2021. The bill establishes requirements relating to testing for sexually transmitted diseases (STD) and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The proposed regulations will update NAC Chapter 441A in accordance with the requirements set forth in SB 211.

Current regulations do not outline the requirement to consult with patients about whether they wish to be tested for HIV or STDs. The proposed regulation will update and require certain emergency medical service providers in a hospital or primary care setting to inquire if their patient would like HIV or STD testing. Additionally, the medical provider must assist the patient in obtaining a test(s) where practical and medically indicated. The errata further defines when a test is medically indicated and provides the United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) guidelines, under these provisions.

There are several public health reasons for bringing this change forward

- 1) Nevada ranked 5th for the highest rates of HIV diagnoses in 20
- 2) Nevada ranked 1st for Primary and Secondary Syphilis in 201
- 3) Nevada ranked 4th for Congenital Syphilis in 2019.
- 4) Nevada ranked 17th for Chlamydia in 2019.
- 5) Nevada ranked 15th for Gonorrhea in 2019.

Additionally:

- The Centers for Disease Control and Preyonton (CD) Lecommends that individuals between the ages of 13 and 64 years get tested for HIV and SD as part of routine health care.
- The CDC also recommends more frequent greeting of HIV and STDs (e.g., once every 3 or 6 months) for individuals with increased risk of increased.
- The United States Preventive Serves Force (USPSTF) provides a "Grade A" recommendation that clinicians screen for HIV and STDs, adolescents and adults aged 15 to 65 years. Younger adolescents and older adults who are at her address of infection should also be screened.
- 1. Anticipated effects on the business and on the general public:
 - A. Adverse effects The Diffsion of Public and Behavioral Health does not anticipate any adverse/negative impacts to busines to the general public in the State of Nevada. It would also eliminate patients' need or awkwardness/shyness to self-advocate for HIV and STD testing.
 - B. *Beneficial:* The positive/beneficial effects of 2021 SB 211 to businesses in the State of Nevada would be increased billing for HIV and STDs.
 - C. *Immediate:* As soon as the proposed regulations become effective, it would increase opportunities for testing HIV and STDs across Nevada. Additionally, it would create an open dialogue with medical providers regarding any behaviors impacting their patient's health. All insurances in Nevada are required to cover HIV and STD testing following USPSTF and CDC Guidelines.
 - D. *Long-term*: The long-term positive/beneficial of SB 211 effects to the public in the State of Nevada will reduce the future cost of medical care and treatment of late diagnosis of HIV and STDs. Additionally, it will destignatize HIV and STDs among medical providers and the public. Lastly, this bill will decrease HIV and STD occurrence in the State of Nevada and potentially end the HIV epidemic in Nevada.

2. These proposed regulations will not add any costs to the current regulatory enforcement activities conducted by the DPBH. Additionally, the proposed regulations do not provide for a new fee or increase any existing fee.

The proposed regulations are not duplicative or more stringent than any federal, state, or local standards.

Summary of LCB file no. R148-22

The proposed changes will revise Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) Chapter 441A in accordance with Senate Bill (SB) 275 and Assembly Bill (AB) 192 of the 81st Legislative Session and Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) Chapter 441A.

The proposed regulations stem from the passage of SB 275 (formerly Bill Draft Request 40-220) and AB 192 (formerly Bill Draft Request 40-453), which were both introduced during the 2021 Nevada 81st Legislative Session and signed by Governor Steve Sisolak on June 4, 2021. SB 275 revises provisions relating to communicable diseases including isolation and quarantine of a case or suspected case of a communicable diseases and removal of duplicative references to HIV and/or AIDS. AB 192 revises provisions governing the testing of pregnant women for certain sexually transmitted infections. The proposed regulations will update NAC Chapter 441A in accordance with the requirements set forth in SB 275 and AB 192. Current regulations do not require reporters to indicate if a woman who tests positive for syphilis is pregnant or require reatment information. The proposed regulation will update and require that a report of a pregnant woman who has or is suspected of having syphilis must include, without limitation, the fact that the case occurre on a regnant woman and if treatment was provided, the type of treatment that was provided; or if the pregnant woman refused treatment, the fact that the pregnant woman refused treatment.

Additionally, the CDC recommends all pregnant women one US. should be screened for syphilis during their pregnancy. Women who test positive should be treated using by most current sexually transmitted infection (STI) treatment recommendations.

Lastly, the bill revises or proposes revision as a lows.

- The procedures followed by a country with board of health or a health authority when isolating, quarantining, or treating certain persons;
- Provisions governing the intestation of a case or suspected case of a communicable disease and an order for a person with a communicate disease to submit to examination and treatment;
- Provisions concerning certain offenses relating to communicable diseases; revising provisions concerning court-ordered test, a for a communicable disease;
- Provisions prohibit. disclosure of information about certain persons investigated by the health authority;
- Provisions requiring the alleged victim of a crime involving sexual penetration to be provided with information concerning sexually transmitted diseases;
- Revising certain terminology used to refer to the human immunodeficiency virus and related matters; reestablishing the Advisory Task Force on HIV Exposure Modernization;
- Setting forth the duties of the Task Force;
- Abolishing certain crimes relating to the human immunodeficiency virus;
- Repealing certain additional provisions relating to communicable diseases;
- Providing a penalty; and
- Providing other matters properly relating thereto.

There are several public health reasons for bringing these changes forward:

- 1) Nevada ranked 5th for the highest rates of HIV diagnoses in 2019.
- 2) Nevada ranked 1st for Primary and Secondary Syphilis in 2019.
- Nevada ranked 4th for Congenital Syphilis in 2019. 3)

Anticipated effects on the business and on the general public:

- A. Adverse effects: The DPBH does not anticipate any adverse/negative impacts to businesses or the general public in the State of Nevada.
- B. Beneficial: Birth defects can occur in infants born to women who are infected with syphilis prior to or during pregnancy, this is known as congenital syphilis. Congenital syphilis can cause developmental delays and have negative neurologic manifestations. The positive/beneficial effects of AB 192 for the public would be fewer cases of untreated syphilis and lower rates of congenital syphilis. This could result in less overall medical costs to medical systems and lower costs to support children through K-12 education as well as lessen support services costs that an individual who is born with congenital syphilis could require to support in adulthood.
- C. Immediate: As soon as the proposed regulations become effective, it would improve the reporting information reported to public health for women who test positive feeling bilis during pregnancy. This information will allow disease investigators to provide better in tigation and confirm that women are adequately treated in pregnancy to prevent congenital syphis.
- D. Long-term: The long-term positive/beneficial of AB 192 pects to the ablic in the State of Nevada will reduce the future cost of medical care and cost of supp ervices for those born with congenital syphilis.

In addition to changes brought forth because of SB 275 and AB 92 R148-22 will update NAC 441A in the following ways:

- Add the following conditions as reportable annual e diseases:
 - o Any condition identified by the C C as a ationally notifiable condition
 - o Babesiosis (parasite)
 - o Candida auris
 - Coronavirus disease 201
 - Cyclosporiasis (parasite)
 - Monkeypox
- Update reporting requirements 1.
 - Haemophile influenzes invasive disease, removes the requirement for it to be type b
 Hepatitis I specificacite and chronic

 - o Hepatitis C pecif perinatal, acute, and chronic
 - o Influenza, removed the reference to persons under 18 years of age
- Update references to current recommended treatment guidelines (i.e., reference was to a manual published in 2015, updated to 2021)
- Add reporting requirement for electronic case reporting
- Add requirement for medical laboratories to report negative results for Hepatitis C and HIV
- Add requirement for health care providers to provide negative results or proof of treatment for a specific person if requested by the health authority
- Add requirement for schools to inform parents or guardians of children who might have been exposed to a communicable disease and for schools to provide information to parents so they can monitor children for sign and symptoms of the communicable disease to which they were exposed
- Update reporting requirements for tuberculosis testing and treatment
- Update investigation requirement for chlamydia and gonorrhea, specifying that the health authority may investigate each case, rather than shall

- Update treatment language for sexually transmitted infections, specifying that a person shall be *offered* treatment, rather than *receives* treatment
- Update investigation criteria for Lyme Disease to better align with CDC guidance
- Add additional exclusion criteria from schools for individuals who test positive for measles
- Prohibit the exclusion of workers from sensitive occupations should exclusion of the person be prohibited by the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq., or NRS 613.330
- Prohibit the exclusion children from a childcare facility or school should exclusion of the person be prohibited by Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101 et seq., or NRS 651.050 to 651.120, inclusive

Members of the public may make oral comments at this meeting. Persons wishing to submit written testimony or documentary evidence more than two typed, 8-1/2" x 11" pages must submit the material to Tory Johnson at the Division of Public and Behavioral Health at the following address:

Tory Johnson
Division of Public and Behavioral Health
1840 East Sahara Avenue Suite 110-111
Las Vegas, NV 89104
Phone: (702) 486-0767

Email: ToJohnson@health.nv

Members of the public who require special accommodations of ssistance at the workshops are required to notify Tory Johnson, Health Program Manager II, in writing to the DPL 184 East Sahara Avenue Suite 110-111 Las Vegas, NV 89104, by calling 702-486-0767 or via ematat: John Mehealth.nv.gov at least five (5) working days prior to the date of the public workshop.

You may contact Tory Johnson by calling (702) 86-0767 or via email at tojohnson@health.nv.gov for further information on the proposed regulations how to obtain copies of the supporting documents.

A copy of the notice and proposed regular posted and on file for inspection and/or may be copied at the following locations during normal business ours:

- 1. Nevada Division of Public de Carrioral Health 4150 Technology Way, Suite# 300 Carson City, NV 89706
- 2. Nevada Division Publican Behavioral Health 1840 East Sahara Avenue Suite 110-111 Las Vegas, NV 89104
- 3. Nevada State Legislat. 401 S Carson St, Carson City, NV 89701
- 4. Southern Nevada Health District 280 S Decatur Blvd, Las Vegas, NV 89107
- 5. Washoe County Health District 1001 E 9th St B, Reno, NV 89512

A copy of the regulations and small business impact statement can be found on-line by going to: https://dpbh.nv.gov/Programs/HIV/dta/Policies/HIV_Regulation_Development_Processes/

A copy of the public hearing notice can also be found at Nevada Legislature's web page: https://www.leg.state.nv.us/App/Notice/A/

Copies may be obtained in person, by mail, or by calling the Office of HIV (702) 486-0767 in Las Vegas.



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH Helping people. It's who we are and what we do.



NOTICE OF REGULATION PUBLIC WORKSHOP FOR ERRATA TO LCB FILE NO. R002-22

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Division of Public and Behavioral Health will hold a public workshop to consider an errata to proposed regulation legislative counsel bureau (LCB) File No. R002-22 amending Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) Chapter 441A in accordance with Senate Bill (SB) 211 of the 2021 Legislative Session and Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) 441A.

The workshop will be conducted via videoconference and will have a call-it option a ailable beginning at 10:00 AM on Monday, July 18, 2022, by using the information provided below to jour on your computer or by calling in via telephone. If you have difficulties joining in by computer, you an extension to a zing the number below:

Microsoft Teams meeting

Join on your computer or mobile app

Click here to join the meeting - https://teams.microsoft.com/meetup-join/19%3aa19598c9963743aaa8e64e331c8e342c% 19thrc_1sk_pe/1656516267095?context=%7b%22Tid%22%3a%22e4a340e6-b89e-4e68-8eaa-1544d27039 0%22%2c 22Oid%22%3a%228f8a0486-03d9-4431-9c80-8cafa9f2d92e%22%7d

Or call in (audio only)

+1 775-321-6111 - United States, Reno

+1 702-329-3435 - United States, Vegas

Phone Conference ID: 413 766 499

These workshops will be aduct in accordance with NRS 241.020, Nevada's Open Meeting Law.

AGENDA

- 1. Introduction of the workshop process
- 2. Public comment on errata to proposed regulation LCB file no. R002-22 amending Nevada Administrative Code Chapter 441A in accordance with Senate Bill (SB) 211 of the 2021 Legislative Session and Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) Chapter 441A.
- 3. Public Comment

The proposed changes will revise Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) Chapter 441A in accordance with Senate Bill (SB) 211 of the 2021 Legislative Session and Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) Chapter 441A.

The proposed regulations stem from the passage of Senate Bill (SB) 211 (formerly Bill Draft Request [BDR] 40-563), which was introduced during the 2021 Nevada 81st Legislative Session and signed by Governor Steve Sisolak on June 4, 2021. The bill establishes requirements relating to testing for sexually transmitted diseases (STD) and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The proposed regulations will update NAC Chapter 441A in accordance with the requirements set forth in SB 211.

Current regulations do not outline the requirement to consult with patients about whether they wish to be tested for HIV or STDs. The proposed regulation will update and require certain emergency medical service providers in a hospital or primary care setting to inquire if their patient would like HIV or STD testing. Additionally, the medical provider must assist the patient in obtaining a test(s) where practical and medically indicated. The errata further defines when a test is medically indicated, under these provisions.

There are several public health reasons for bringing this change forward:

- Nevada ranked 5th for the highest rates of HIV diagnoses in 2019 1)
- 2) Nevada ranked 1st for Primary and Secondary Syphilis in 2019
- Nevada ranked 4th for Congenital Syphilis in 2019. 3)
- Nevada ranked 17th for Chlamydia in 2019. 4)
- Nevada ranked 15th for Gonorrhea in 2019. 5)

Additionally:

- C) rommends that individuals between the ages The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of 13 and 64 get tested for HIV and STD part of 15 the health care.

 The CDC also recommends more frequent screening of HIV and STDs (e.g. once every 3 or 6 months)
- for individuals with increased risk of feeting.
- The United States Preventive Services 1 k Force (USPSTF) provides a "Grade A" recommendation that clinicians screen for HIV and dolescents and adults aged 15 to 65 years. Younger adolescents and older adult who are tincreased risk of infection should also be screened.
- Anticipated effects on the busines and on the general public:
 A. Adverse effects: the Division of Public and Behavioral Health does not anticipate any adverse/negative impact to businesses or the general public in the State of Nevada. It would also eliminate patient record awkwardness/shyness to self-advocate for HIV and STD testing.
 - B. Beneficial: The positive/beneficial effects of SB 211 to businesses in the State of Nevada would be increased billing for HIV and STDs.
 - C. *Immediate*: As soon as the proposed regulations become effective, it would increase opportunities for testing HIV and STDs across Nevada. Additionally, it would create an open dialogue with medical providers regarding any behaviors impacting their patient's health. All insurances in Nevada are required to cover HIV and STD testing following USPSTF and CDC Guidelines.
 - D. Long-term: The long-term positive/beneficial of SB 211 effects to the public in the State of Nevada will reduce the future cost of medical care and treatment of late diagnosis of HIV and STDs. Additionally, it will destigmatize HIV and STDs among medical providers and the public. Lastly, this bill will decrease HIV and STD occurrence in the State of Nevada and potentially end the HIV epidemic in Nevada.
- 2. These proposed regulations will not add any costs to the current regulatory enforcement activities conducted

by the Division of Public and Behavioral Health. Additionally, the proposed regulations do not provide for a new fee or increase any existing fee.

The proposed regulations are not duplicative or more stringent than any federal, state, or local standards.

Members of the public may make oral comments at this meeting. Persons wishing to submit written testimony or documentary evidence in excess of two typed, 8-1/2" x 11" pages must submit the material to Preston Nguyen Tang at the Division of Public and Behavioral Health at the following address:

> Preston Nguyen Tang, MPH Division of Public and Behavioral Health 1840 East Sahara Avenue Suite 110-111 Las Vegas, NV 89104 Phone: (702) 486-6488

> > Email: ptang@health.nv.gov

Members of the public who require special accommodations or assistance at the workhops are required to notify Preston Nguyen Tang, Health Program Specialist I, in writing to the Design Public and Behavioral 5-684-1030 or via email Health, 1840 East Sahara Avenue Suite 110-111 Las Vegas, NV 8910 by calls at: ptang@health.nv.gov at least five (5) working days prior to the day of the public workshop.

You may contact Preston Nguyen Tang by calling (702) 486-688 or via exail at ptang@health.nv.gov for further information on the proposed regulations or how to tain pie of the supporting documents.

on the for inspection and/or may be copied at the A copy of the notice and proposed regulations are poste following locations during normal business hours

- 1. Nevada Division of Public and Behavior Health 4150 Technology Way, Suite# 300 Carson City, NV 89706
- 2. Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Franki 1840 East Sahara Avenue Suite 110-111 Las Vegas, NV 89104
- 3. Nevada State Legislature 401 S Coxon St, Carson City, NV 89701
- Southern Nevada Health Discott Tell E 9th St B, Reno, NV 89107
 Washoe County Health Discott Tell E 9th St B, Reno, NV 89512

A copy of the regulations and small business impact statement can be found on-line by going to: s/HIV dta/Policies/HIV Regulation Development Processes/ https://dpbh.nv.gov/Progra

A copy of the public hearing notice can also be found at Nevada Legislature's web page: https://www.leg.state.nv.us/App/Notice/A/

Copies may be obtained in person, by mail, or by calling the Division of Public and Behavioral Health at (775) 684-1030 in Carson City or (702) 486-6515 in Las Vegas.



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

DIVISION OF PUBLIC AND BEHAVIORAL HEALTH Helping people. It's who we are and what we do.



NOTICE OF PUBLIC WORKSHOP

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Division of Public and Behavioral Health will hold a public workshop to consider amendments to Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) 441A in accordance with Senate Bill (SB) 211 of the 2021 Legislative Session and Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) 441A.

The workshop will be conducted via videoconference and will have a call-in option available beginning at 1:00 PM on Thursday, January 6, 2022, by using the information provided below to the provided

Microsoft Teams meeting

Join on your computer or mobile app

Or call in (audio only)

+1 775-321-6111 - United States, Reno

+1 702-329-3435 - United States, Las Ve

Phone Conference ID: 731 899 53

These workshops will be inducted accordance with NRS 241.020, Nevada's Open Meeting Law.

AGENDA

- 1. Introduction of workshop process
- 2. Public comment on proposed amendments to Nevada Administrative Code 441A (NAC 441A) in accordance with Senate Bill (SB) 211 of the 2021 Legislative Session and Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) 441A.
- 3. Public Comment

The proposed changes will revise Nevada Administrative Code (NAC) Chapter 441A in accordance with Senate Bill (SB) 211 of the 2021 Legislative Session and Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS) Chapter 441A.

The proposed regulations stem from the passage of Senate Bill (SB) 211 (formerly Bill Draft Request [BDR] 40-563), which was introduced during the 2021 Nevada 81st Legislative Session and signed by Governor Steve Sisolak on June 4, 2021. The bill establishes requirements relating to testing for sexually transmitted diseases (STD) and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The proposed regulations will update NAC Chapter 441A in accordance with the requirements set forth in SB 211.

Current regulations do not outline the requirement to consult with patients about whether they wish to be tested for HIV or STDs. The proposed regulation will update and require certain emergency medical service providers in a hospital or primary care setting to inquire if their patient would like HIV or STD testing. Additionally, the medical provider must assist the patient in obtaining a test(s) where practical and medically indicated.

There are several public health reasons for bringing this change forward:

- 1) Nevada ranked 5th for the highest rates of HIV diagnoses in 2019.
- 2) Nevada ranked 1st for Primary and Secondary Syphilis in 2019.
- 3) Nevada ranked 4th for Congenital Syphilis in 2019.
- 4) Nevada ranked 17th for Chlamydia in 2019.
- 5) Nevada ranked 15th for Gonorrhea in 2019.

Additionally:

- The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention CDC recommends that individuals between the ages of 13 and 64 get tested for HIV and STD as part outing health care.
- The CDC also recommends more frequent screening AIV and STDs (e.g. once every 3 or 6 months) for individuals with increased risk of infections.
- The United States Preventive Service, Tas. Force (USPSTF) provides a "Grade A" recommendation that clinicians screen for HIV and STD, or adolescents and adults aged 15 to 65 years. Younger adolescents and older adults who was assed risk of infection should also be screened.
- 1. Anticipated effects on the business. On the general public:
 - A. Adverse effects: The Division of Public and Behavioral Health does not anticipate any adverse/negative impacts to businesses or the general public in the State of Nevada. It would also eliminate patients' need or awkwardness/shyness to self-advocate for HIV and STD testing.
 - B. *Beneficial*: The pointing beneficial effects of SB 211 to businesses in the State of Nevada would be increased billing for HIV and STDs.
 - C. *Immediate*: As soon as the proposed regulations become effective, it would increase opportunities for testing HIV and STDs across Nevada. Additionally, it would create an open dialogue with medical providers regarding any behaviors impacting their patient's health. All insurances in Nevada are required to cover HIV and STD testing following USPSTF and CDC Guidelines.
 - D. *Long-term:* The long-term positive/beneficial of SB 211 effects to the public in the State of Nevada will reduce the future cost of medical care and treatment of late diagnosis of HIV and STDs. Additionally, it will destignatize HIV and STDs among medical providers and the public. Lastly, this bill will decrease HIV and STD occurrence in the State of Nevada and potentially end the HIV epidemic in Nevada.
- 2. These proposed regulations will not add any costs to the current regulatory enforcement activities conducted by the Division of Public and Behavioral Health. Additionally, the proposed regulations do not provide for a

new fee or increase any existing fee.

The proposed regulations are not duplicative or more stringent than any federal, state, or local standards.

Members of the public may make oral comments at this meeting. Persons wishing to submit written testimony or documentary evidence in excess of two typed, 8-1/2" x 11" pages must submit the material to Preston Nguyen Tang at the Division of Public and Behavioral Health at the following address:

Preston Nguyen Tang, MPH Division of Public and Behavioral Health 1840 East Sahara Avenue Suite 110-111 Las Vegas, NV 89104 Phone: (702) 486-6488

Email: ptang@health.nv.gov

Members of the public who require special accommodations or assistance at the perkshops are required to notify Preston Nguyen Tang, Health Program Specialist I, in writing to the Prevision of Public and Behavioral Health, 1840 East Sahara Avenue Suite 110-111 Las Vegas, NV 89104, by caring 77 -684-1030 or via email at: ptang@health.nv.gov at least five (5) working days prior to the data of the public workshop.

You may contact Preston Nguyen Tang by calling (702) 486-6488 or vive ment at ptang@health.nv.gov for further information on the proposed regulations or how to obtain copies of the supporting documents.

A copy of the notice and proposed regulations are poster and in file or inspection and/or may be copied at the following locations during normal business hours:

- 1. Nevada Division of Public and Behavioral Mith 5 Technology Way, Suite# 300 Carson City, NV 89706
- 2. Nevada Division of Public and Behaviora, Yealth 1840 East Sahara Avenue Suite 110-111 Las Vegas, NV 89104
- 3. Nevada State Legislature 401 Carson City, NV 89701
- 4. Southern Nevada Health District 20 S Decatur Blvd, Las Vegas, NV 89107
- 5. Washoe County Health Di ... 100 9th St B, Reno, NV 89512

A copy of the regulations and mall siness impact statement can be found on-line by going to: https://dpbh.nv.gov/Programs/HIV/dt_Policies/HIV_Regulation_Development_Processes/

A copy of the public hearingce can also be found at Nevada Legislature's web page: https://www.leg.state.nv.us/App/Notice/A/

Copies may be obtained in person, by mail, or by calling the Division of Public and Behavioral Health at (775) 684-1030 in Carson City or (702) 486-6515 in Las Vegas.

Copies may also be obtained from any of the public libraries listed below:

Carson City Library 900 North Roop Street Carson City, NV 89702

Clark County District Library 1401 East Flamingo Road Las Vegas, NV 89119

Elko County Library 720 Court Street Elko, NV 89801

Eureka Branch Library 80 South Monroe Street Eureka, NV 89316-0283

Humboldt County Library 85 East 5th Street Winnemucca, NV 89445-3095

Lincoln County Library 93 Maine Street Pioche, NV 89043-0330

Mineral County Library 110 1st Street Hawthorne, NV 89415-1390

Pershing County Library 1125 Central Avenue Lovelock, NV 89419-0781

Tonopah Public Library 167 Central Street Tonopah, NV 89049-0449 Churchill County Library 553 South Main Street Fallon, NV 89406

White Pine County Library

950 Campton Street

Ely, NV 89301-1965

Douglas County Library 1625 Library Lane Minden, NV 89423

Esmeralda County Library Corner of Crook and 4th Street Goldfield, NV 89013-0484

Henderson District Public Library 280 South Green Valley Parkway Henderson, NV 89012

Lander County Library 625 South Broad Street Battle Mountain, NV 898 0141

Lyon County Lib. v 20 Nevin W Yerington V 447-239

Pahr and Libra Strict 701 East Strict Pahr vp. N 89041-0578

County Library 95 South R Street orginia City, NV 89440-0014

Washoe County Library 301 South Center Street Reno, NV 89505-2151

Per NRS 233B.064(2), upon adoption of any regulation, the agency, if requested to do so by an interested person, either prior to adoption or within 30 days thereafter, shall issue a concise statement of the principal reasons for and against its adoption, and incorporate therein its reason for overruling the consideration urged against its adoption.